

# Unit 6

**I'm going to study computer  
science**

**Section B 2a--2e**

1. Did you make any resolutions last year?

2. Were you able to keep them?  
Why or why not?

Be able to 会，能够...

# resolution

## ➤ Topic sentence (主题句)

- What's the topic sentence?
- It often tells us the main idea of the passage.

# Paragraph 1

## ◆ Topic sentence

➤ Do you know what a resolution is? It's a kind of promise.

## ■ Main purpose (主要意图)

➤ To give the meaning of resolution

**write down or  
tell**

**New year's  
resolution**

**What do people do  
for their resolution?**

**What is the most common resolution?**

**resolution**

**What is res**

**Discuss with your  
partner about resolution.  
and underline the  
important sentences.**

**promise is resolution?**

**A kind of  
promise**

**promise you make to  
yourself.**

# Paragraph 2

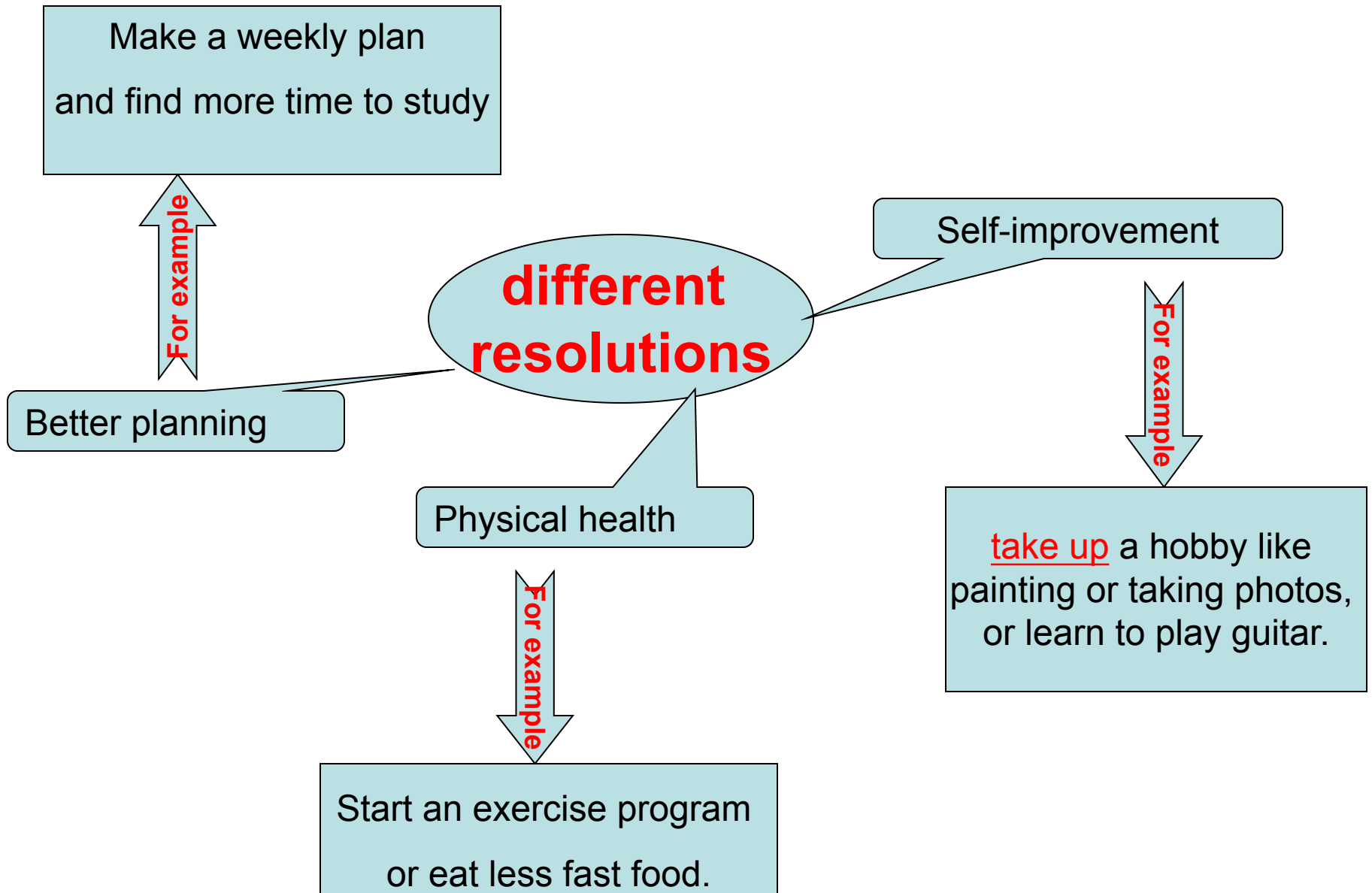
◆ Topic sentence

➤ There are different kinds of resolutions.

■ Main purpose

➤ To discuss the different kinds of resolutions

# How many kinds of resolutions can you find in paragraph 2?



# Paragraph 3

◆ Topic sentence

◆ Although there are differences,  
most resolutions

have one thing in common.

■ Main purpose

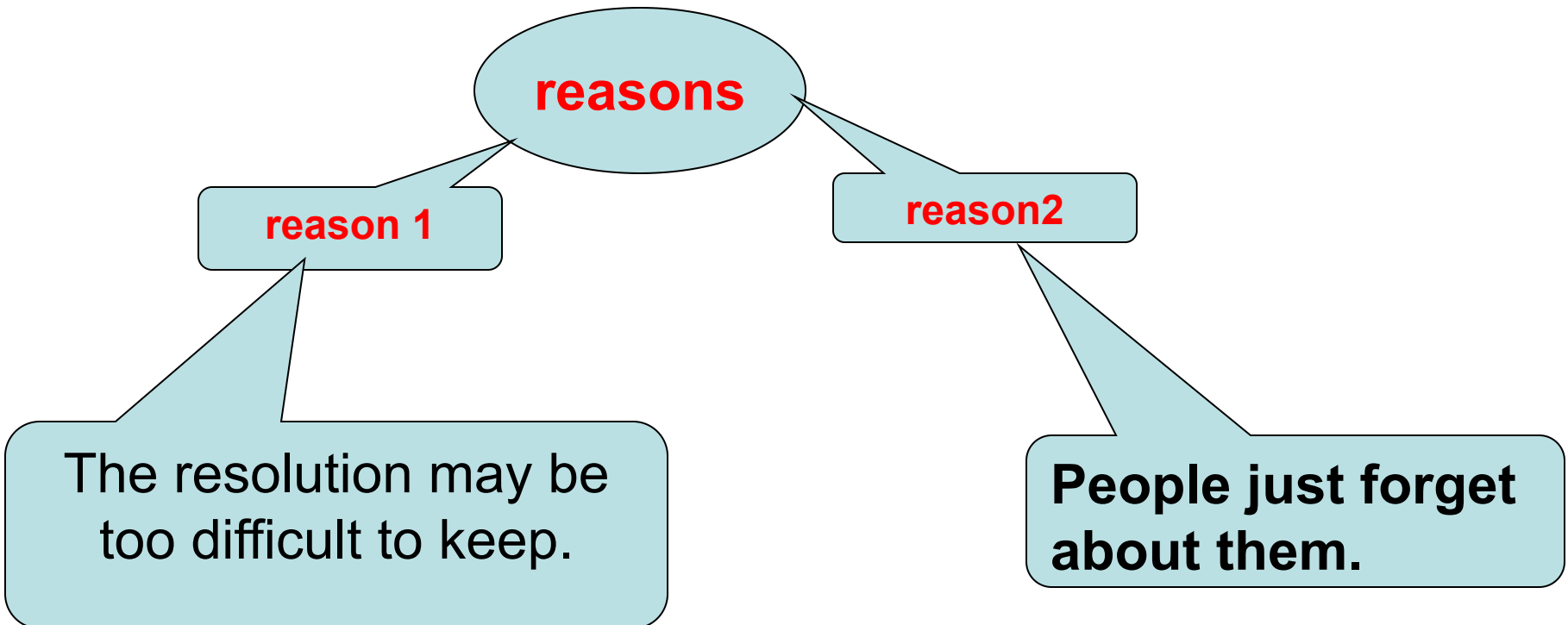
■ To question the idea of making resolutions



➤ What is the one thing in common for most resolutions?

◆ **people hardly keep the resolutions**

➤ Why do people hardly keep the resolutions?



## 2d Answer the questions with short sentences.

1. What is a resolution?

It is a kind of promise.



2. When do people usually make resolutions?

The start of the year.

3. Why do people usually make resolutions?

They want to improve their lives.

**4. How do people remember their resolutions?**

They write down them or tell their family and friends.

**5. How many kinds of resolutions does the writer talk about?**

Three .

**6. Why do you think resolutions may be difficult to keep?**

Because people just forget about them.

**7. Do you agree with the writer? Why or why not?**

Yes , I think so. Because doing is better than saying.

2e Write your down sentences with the following phrases.

**have to do with** (与...有关)

This fire has something to do with the cigar.

**make promises** (做出承诺)

Don't make promise that you can't keep.

**have something in common** (有共同之处)

My friend Jenny and I have a lot in common.

**write down** (写下; 记下)

Write down what you want to buy on the notebook.

**for this reason** (为此; 由于这个原因)

For this reason, we should be careful.

**take up** (开始从事)

The old man took up writing in his eighties.

# Language Points

question.

n. 问题      the answer to the question

v. 质问    怀疑

The policeman questioned him about the fire.

out of question 毫无疑问

out of the question 不可能的

question 一般指需要回答或解答的问题即提出的问题

problem 指存在的需要解决的问题或数学物理中需要解决的难题。

Do you know what a resolution is?

要用陈述语序

Promises (that) you make to yourself

定语从句

are resolutions.

Li Ming is the man who won the competition yesterday.

That is the place where I was born.

**promise**

n. 诺言，承诺

**make a promise** 许下诺言

**keep a promise** 信守诺言

**break a promise** 违背诺言

v. 承诺，保证，答应

**promise to do sth.** 承诺要做某事

**promise ( that )** 从句

- **at the beginning of** 在.....开始
- **begin to do/doing sth.**开始做某事
- **at the end of** 在.....末尾
- **In the end** 最后
- **from the beginning to the end** 从头到尾



improve 提高, 改进, 改善

improvement n.

have to do with sth. 与...有关系

take up 1) 开始从事

2) 拿起 举起 She took up her bag and left.

3) 占 (时间, 地方)

It took up a week to make the dress.

The table takes up too much space.

weekly adj. /adv. 类似的还有daily, monthly

too...to 太...而不能

He is too young to go to school.

=He is not old enough to go to school.

当too前含表否定的not ,never, nothing时, too...to表肯定

One is never too old to learn. 活到老学到老。

too...to前出现only,表肯定。Only too相当于very或very much.

I shall be only too please to get home.

too后接表示情感的词glad,pleased,happy,sad时,表肯定意义

She is too sad to hear the news.

agree 赞成                      disagree 反对，不赞成

agreement 协议

agree to do sth.

agree that 从句

agree with sb.

agree with 同意人，意见，观点

agree to 同意计划，提议建议等

agree on 关于...意见达成一致

在某方面取得一致看法或达成协议。

### 3a Complete the first two paragraphs about resolutions with the words in the box.

take listen make is help learn are

Resolutions are promises to yourself. They may help to make you a better person and to make your life easier. I'm going to make four resolutions. The first resolution has to do with my own personal improvement. Next year, or maybe sooner, I am going to take up a new hobby. I think singing is a great activity so I am going to learn to sing. I think this will make my family happy because they love to listen to music and sing together.

own

1. 形容词 自己的 Is this your own mobile phone?

2. 代词 of one's own 某人自己的

My brother wants a room of his own.

on one's own 独立地，独自

He took the train on his own.

3. 动词 拥有 owner 主人。

personal 私人的 个人的

This is my personal computer.

personally 亲自，作为个人，就个人而论

Personally, I think he is right in doing so.

person 个人，人

personality 个性，人格

He is a man with strong personality.

## Write about your resolutions:

(In each paragraph, write **what you are going to do** and **why**.)

The second resolution is about improving my physical health. **I am going to get more exercise and eat more vegetables and fruit because they can help me to keep healthy.**

The third resolution is about improving my relationships with my family and friends. **I am going to care about them and talk with them because these can make them happy.**

The last resolution is about how to do better at school. **I am going to study hard and listen to the teacher carefully in class because I want to get good grades.**

*Thank You!*