

Section B 2a-2e

学习目标:

- 1.掌握本节课中出现的生词及短语;
- 2.能够根据提示复述2b,并能回答相应问题;
- 3.熟练做出巩固练习和达标测试。



Review

1. Write down these phrases.

- 1) 为……做准备 prepare for ...
- 2) 得了流感 have the flu
- 3) 去见朋友 meet the friends
- 4) 当然，我愿意去 Sure. I'd love to.
- 5) 太多作业 too much homework

6. 带……去…… bring ... to ...

7. 乐意做某事 be glad to do sth.

8. 以便于；以至于 so that

9. 盼望；期待 look forward to ...

10. 为 ... 做准备 **prepare for...**
11. 直到……才 **not...until**
12. 泡在某处 **hang out**
13. **accept**反义词 **refuse**
14. 考试 **have an exam**
15. 想要做某事 **would like to do**
16. 计划做某事 **plan to do**
17. 准备做某事 **prepare to do**
18. 邀请某人做某事 **invite sb. to do**
19. 拒绝 **turn down**
20. 其他时间 **another time**

Who write the most quickly:

- 1.邀请 (n.)
- 2.其他时间
- 3.回答
- 4.去旅行
- 5.期盼
- 6.接到某人的信
- 7.想要做某事
- 8.常去某处
- 9.邀请某人做某事
- 10.拒绝(词组)

2a Make a list of the kinds of parties people have.

Birthday party

family party

class party

farewell party (送别会)

housewarming party (乔迁庆宴会)

Think more!

2b Skim the message below. Why did the people write them? Match the reason with each message below.

1.accept an invitation

2.make an invitation

3.turn down an invitation

2c Read the messages and answer the questions.

1. What kind of party is it?

Farewell party .(送别会)

2. Who is the party for?

Ms. Steen

3. When is the party?

Next Friday the 28th.

4. Who did David invite to the party?

All his classmates, such as He Weir, jack.

5. What can people do at the party?

They can eat, drink, and play games.

Passage1

1. What **a** great idea!
2. Help me **to improve** my English
3. The best way **to say**...
4. I already have a great idea about **how to do** that.

Passage2

5. Thanks so much for... I'm sorry I'm not **available**
6. Take a trip
7. at the end of this month
8. **Be glad to** help out with any of the party preparations...
9. Let me know if you need my help.

Explanation

so that 与 so...that辨析

【辨析】

so that 意为“以便于；以至于”后常跟目的状语从句，从句中常用**can, could**。

so ... that意为“如此……以至于”，

that 后为结果状语从句。

e.g.

Tell me her address **so that I can find her.**

告诉我她的地址，以便于我找到她。

The box is **so heavy **that** I can't carry it.**

这箱子太重了，我搬不动它。

invitation是名词，当“邀请”讲时，是**不可数名词**，当“邀请书，请帖”讲时，是**可数名词**。

e.g. **Come at the invitation.** 应邀前来

They received invitations to the party.

他们收到了参加聚会的请帖。

invite的用法:

(1) invite sb. to sw=ask sb. to sw (某地)

邀请某人到某地

e.g. He invited many people to his house.

(2) invite sb. to do sth=ask sb.to do sth.

邀请某人做谋事

e.g. He also invited a singer to sing for his friends.

((3)) invitation to sw /to do sth.

去某地/做某事的邀请

e.g. an invitation to the party

an invitation to go to the summer camp

I look forward to hearing from you all.

我期盼着你们的答复。

look forward to 是一个固定搭配，表示“期待期盼”，其中**to** 是介词，因此后面如果使用动词，要试用其**-ing** 形式。又如：

I look forward to your reply.

我期待你的答复。

I'm really looking forward to seeing my little grandson again.

我好期待再次见到我的小孙子。

Fill in the blanks with the right words.

Ms. Steen is a fun teacher. She's going back to the US soon. So, all the students are very sad.

To show how much they're going to miss her, David wants to have a surprise party for her next Friday the 28th. He needs some students to help him prepare the party.

He Wei really likes Ms. Steen a lot because she helped her to _____ **improve** English so much. She can help buy food and _____. She **can** help to _____ Ms. Steen **bring** the party _____ **telling** without Jake would love to come to the party. But he's not _____, **because** his family is _____ a trip to **Wuhan** at the _____ of this month **to** visit his aunt and

uncle. However, he's still be glad
to help out with any of the party
preparations. All the students are
looking forward to this great party.

2d Complete the invitation with words and phrases from the message on page 69.

We are planning a housewarming party at our new house this Saturday. Can you come to my party? Our house is at 2 London Road. We are serving food and drinks from 7:30 p.m. Please bring your friends and family. A party is more fun with

more people! Please let us know by

Wednesday if you can come to the

party. **Hope you can make it!**

Explanation

Hope you can **make it!**

希望你能参加（聚会）！

此句中的**make it** 是个独立地表达方式，表示通过努力或是历经困难后取得成功、完成某事，可译为“**成功；胜利**”，但有时也要视

语境及上下文灵活进行翻译，此处便是如此。

e.g. If we run, we should make it.

要是我们跑的话，应高不会迟到。

Though it was difficult, they still made it.

虽然很难，但他们依然成功了。

Groupwork:

2e Imagine one of your favorite teachers is leaving. Plan a party for him / her. Answer the questions with a partner.

1. Why is he /she one of your favorite teachers

She often encourage me and help me in my life.

2. What do you want to say to him /her?

Dear Mr. Shen, really thanks for your care!

3. When is the best time to have the party?

This Friday at 7:00 p.m.

4. Where can you have the party?

A restaurant near our school.

5. What kind of food will there be?

Fruit, meat dairy products and nuts (坚果)

6. What kind of drinks would you like to serve?

All kinds of orange juice, beer and so on.

7. Who will come to the party?

All of my classmates.

8. What activities will there be at the party?

guess riddle, tell jokes, sing and so on.

**9. How can you make the party a surprise
for your teacher?**

Invite her without telling her.

Exercise

I. 词汇

1. Today I'm very busy, but she is _____ **free**
(空闲的).
2. They are studying for a _____ **math** _____ **test**.
(数学测验).
3. I get his _____ (邀请) but I can't go.
4. I have too _____ **invitation** (多) homework to do.
5. Mr. King sometimes goes to the _____ **much** _____ (音乐会).
concert

II 单项选择

1. — Can you come to play soccer with me?

— _____ **C**

A. I can B. That's all right C. Sure. I'd love to

2. He can go with you, but I _____.

A. am not B. can't C. don't **B**

3. What are you doing _____ Monday morning?

A. on B. at C. in

A

4. Thanks for **B** me to the party.

A. ask B. asking C. asks

5. Bob can't come out to play because he
 C help Dad in the garden.

A. can B. can't C. has to

6. —Would you like a cup of coffee?

— **B** .

A. No, I don't want B. No, thank you

C. I don't like it

III. 句型转换

1. Today is Monday. (提问)

What's the date today?

2. They are going to the doctors
on Monday. (提问)

When are they going to the doctors?

3. Call me after the test. (否定句)

Don't call me after the test.

5. Why don't you have an English party?

(同义转换)

Why not have an English party?

6. Do you want to come over to my house?

(同义转换)

Would you like to come over to my house?

Can you come over to my house?

Have a test

1. It's the best way _____ (work) out the problem.
2. Mary wants to know how _____ (do) it.
3. Thanks so much for _____ (help) me.
4. We want to have a _____ (surprise) party for my mother.
5. He took my book without _____ (tell) me.

Homework

1. 背诵2b中的重点句。
2. 完成2b-2e中相应的练习。
3. 整理本课重点，预习3a.