

七年级英语·下

新课标 [冀教]

Unit 3 School Life



Lesson 18 Teaching in China

Free talk

Do you write e-mails?

*What do you think of e-mails? How do you feel
when you get to a new place?*

How do you feel about the people in the new place?



New words

- **teach** *v.* 教；讲授
- **quite** *adv.* 非常；十分
- **nervous** *adj.* 紧张的；不安的
- **comfortable** *adj.* 舒服的
- **relaxed** *adj.* 轻松的；放松的
- **helpful** *adj.* 有用的；有帮助的

Listen and write true(T) or false(F).



- (1) Jane arrived in China last week. F**
- (2) Everyone is friendly and nice to Jane. T**
- (3) Canadian students don't move to different classrooms for their classes. F**
- (4) Jane's students teach her about their culture. T**



Read the passage aloud and fill in the blanks.

Jane arrived in China two months ago. She was nervous then. But now she feels quite comfortable and relaxed. In Canada, there are usually only 35 students in a class. In China, the teachers move from one classroom to another. Chinese students work very hard. They usually start school at 8:00 a.m. and finish at 5:00 p.m.



1.She is teaching English in China.

teach用作动词,意为“教”。

(1)**teach sb.sth.**相当于 **teach sth.to sb.**意为
“教某人某事”。

He teaches me English.

=*He teaches English to me.*他教我英语。

(2)**teach sb.to do sth.**意为“教某人做某事”。

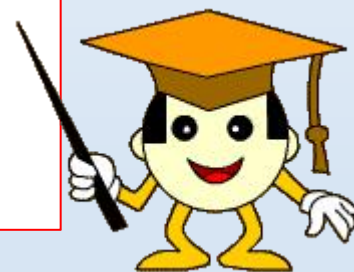
She teaches me to play the piano.

她教我弹钢琴。

(3)**teach oneself sth.=learn by oneself**意为
“自学某事”。

Linda teaches herself Chinese at weekends.

琳达周末自学汉语。



2.She is writing an e-mail to her family and friends back home.

write to 意为“给.....写信”。

He often writes to his mother.

他经常给他的妈妈写信。

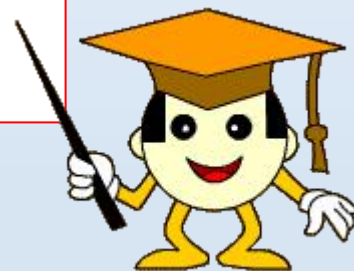
3.But everyone here is so friendly and nice.

be friendly to 意为“对.....友好”，
相当于 **be nice/kind to**。

The teachers are friendly to us.

=The teachers are nice/kind to us.

老师对我们非常友好。



4. My students are wonderful and the other teachers are always helpful.

helpful 用作形容词, 意为 “乐于助人的”, **be helpful to sb./sth.** 意为 “对……有用, 对……有帮助”。

The books are helpful to the children.

这些书对孩子们有帮助。

【拓展】 **-ful** 是形容词后缀, 符合该构词法的还有:

care 关怀 — **careful** 小心的

use 使用 — **useful** 有用的

beauty 美 — **beautiful** 美丽的



5.And they move from classroom to classroom for their classes.

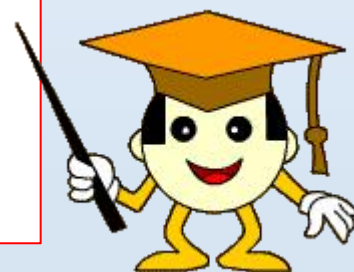
move用作动词,意为“搬家;移动”,
move from...to...意为“从.....搬到.....”。

We moved from a small house to a big house last year. 去年我们从小房子搬到了一个大房子。

6.I'm so happy to be in China.

“**be+adj.+to+do**”意为“做.....是.....的”,其中的**to**是不定式。

He is happy to see his grandparents.
他非常高兴看见他的祖父母。



2

**Are schools in China and Canada the same?
Read the lesson and list some differences
between Chinese and Canadian schools.**

China

**Teachers moved from classroom to
classroom for their class.**

Canada

**Students moved from classroom to
classroom for their class.**

Fill in the blanks with words in the box.

nervous friendly relaxed wonderful teach

1. I didn't know anyone at the party. But everyone was very friendly.
2. Spring is nice and warm. It is a wonderful season.
3. Li Ming is going to give a talk. He is quite nervous.
4. I'm a teacher. I teach music at a middle school.
5. After a busy day, I like to sit and drink a cup of tea. It makes me feel relaxed.



Work in groups. Interview your classmates and fill in the table.

Example:

- *A: Do you do your homework?*
- *B: Yes. I always do my homework.*
- *A: Do you help out at home?*
- *B: Yes. I sometimes wash the dishes.*



Name	Do your homework	Help out at home	Walk to school	Play sports

△always ☆often ○usually □sometimes ◇never

Fill in the blanks.

1.他正在卧室里给他的姑姑写电子邮件。

He is writing an e-mail/email to his aunt in the bedroom.

2.在冬天,鸟从一个寒冷的地方搬到温暖的地方。

The birds move from a cold place to a warm place in winter.

3.谁能教我做饭?

Who can teach me to cook?

4.在家里,我感觉非常舒服和放松。

At home,I feel quite comfortable and relaxed.

5.树对我们有帮助。

The trees are helpful to us.

Homework

- 1. Learn the new words and expressions by heart.**
- 2. Read the e-mail after class.**
- 3. Go over what you've learnt in this unit.**

