

Lesson 14:
Amazing Animals

I. Learning aims:

Know about the words: long-eared, jerboa, mouse, kiwi, lay, eggplant, shake, flap, avoid

II. Learning important and difficult points:

1) remind的用法

2) lay的用法

New Words

long-eared

mouse

lay

shake

avoid

jerboa

kiwi

eggplant

flap

Think About It !

- ◆ Can you name some animals you have never seen before?
- ◆ What animals do you think are amazing? Why?

Language

Points

1. With their long ears, they also remind people of rabbits. 他们有长长的耳朵，使人们想起了兔子。

remind作动词，意为“使.....想起”，常用结构为**remind sb. of / about sth.** 或 **remind sb. that**从句。**remind**还可意为“提醒”，**remind sb. to do sth.**，意为“提醒某人做某事”。如：

Please remind me to call him back. 请提醒我给他回电话。

2. Like all birds, they lay eggs—big eggs.
像所有鸟一样，他们也产蛋，很大的蛋。

lay作动词，意为“放置；产（卵）”，过去式**laid**，过去分词**laid**，现在分词**laying**。如：

The black hen lays an egg a day. 那只黑母鸡每天产一个蛋。

lie 意为“躺”，常与表示场所的短语连用。过去式**lay**，过去分词**lain**，现在分词**lying**。如：

He was lying in the shade of the tree. 他正躺在树荫下。

Exercises

I. 用所给单词的适当形式填空。

1. We all like the basketball player named (name) Yao Ming.
2. The dog is running (run) behind the man.
3. Yesterday we ate (eat) some bread for breakfast.
4. That girl is scared (scare) of snakes.
5. What were you doing (do) at three o'clock yesterday afternoon?

II. 句型转换，每空一词。

1. Don't forget to close the window.

(改为同义句)

Remember to close the window.

2. I think he likes dancing. (改为否定句)

I don't think he likes dancing.

3. I was late for school because my bike was broken. (对划线部分提问)

Why were you late for school?

III. 根据所给汉语意思，翻译下列句子。

1. 那位母亲细心地照料她的孩子。

The mother looks after her child
carefully.

2. 木材来源于树木。

Wood comes from trees.

Homework

Would you like to have a pet?

Why or why not?

Write a paragraph.