

期末综合测试卷

(时间: 120分钟 分数: 150分)



听力部分(30分)

一、关键词语选择。(5分)

你将听到五个句子。请在每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个你所听到的 单词或短语。每个句子读两遍。

-)1. A. speech
-)2. A. regret
-)3. A. eastern
- ()4. A. believe
-)5. A. in person

- B. spread
- B. repeat
- B. western B. beside
- B. in total

- C. speed
- C. rabbit
- C. northern
- C. behave
- C. in public

二、短对话理解。(10分)

你将听到十段对话,每段对话后有一个小题。请在每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选 项中选出一个最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。

)6. How did the girl improve her Chinese?







)7. What food did the man use to eat?





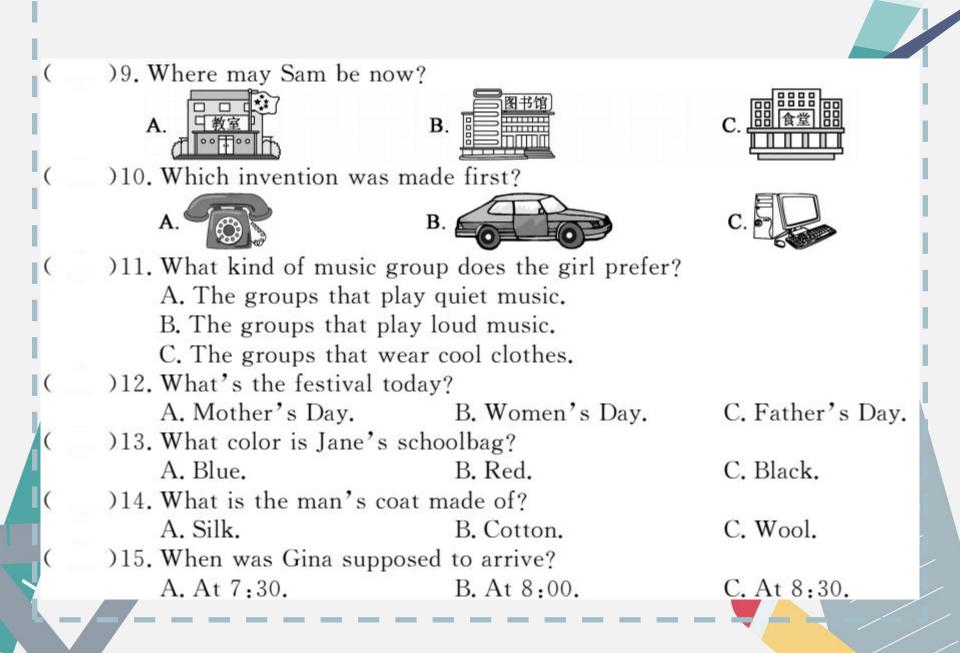


)8. What shouldn't students be allowed to do?









	三、长对话理解。听下面两段对话,	选择正确答案。每段对	话读两遍。(5分)
	听第一段对话,回答第16~17小题		
	()16. Where was the machine	made?	1
	A. In Japan.	B. In China.	C. In Germany.
ĺ	()17. How much was the mach	nine?	
	A. It's only 15 yuan.	B. It's only 5	50 yuan.
	C. It's only 5 yuan.		
	听第二段对话,回答第 18~20 小题	0	1
	()18. What color is Tom's shi	rt?	1.0
ı	A. Black.	B. Brown.	C. Blue.
	()19. What do John and Tom	like doing?	and the second
	A. Playing basketball.	B. Walking.	C. Traveling.
	()20. Where may Tom and Joh	n be?	
	A. In the park.	B. On the playground.	
.	C. In the library.		
'	四、(2017年淮安市)听短文,选择正	确答案。短文读两遍。	(5分)
۱	()21. Which grade is the speak	er in now?	
l	A. Grade Seven.	B. Grade Eight.	C. Grade Nine.
7	()22. What does the speaker do	after he gets up now?	
	A. Read English.		C. Read Chinese.
	()23. What time does the speak	er go to bed now?	
	A. At 9:00 p. m.	B. At 9:30 p. m.	C. At 10:00 p. m.

()24. When did the speaker	use to go to the movies or	play games?
	A. On Friday.	B. On Saturday.	C. On Sunday.

()25. What did the speaker's mother use to take him to do?

A. Go to drawing classes.

B. Go to the party.

C. Go to the park.

五、信息转换。(5分)

你将听到一篇短文。请根据短文内容,写出下面表格中所缺的单词。每空仅填一词。短文读两遍。

Changes in Li Hua's Life			
Three years ago	Now		
She was a student at university.	She is a 26		
She liked singing and dancing.	She is 27		
She read 28 in the evening.	She helps her students with English in the evening.		
She went hiking on weekends.	She has to do the 29		
She liked playing all kinds of 30	She has no time to play them.		

笔试部分(120分)

丰	(120 分)			
六、	单项选择。(15分)			
()31. —Is Singapore	Europ	ean country?	
	—No. It's	Asian coun	try.	
	A. a; a	B. an; an	C. a; an	D. an;a
()32. —I'm sorry, Mis	s Green. I left 1	ny math book at hor	me.
	—It doesn't mat	ter. Please reme	ember it h	ere tomorrow.
	A. taking	B. to take	C. bringing	D. to bring
()33.—Can Mr. King	spare some tim	e for the meeting?	
	—If he	,he will try hi	s best to make it.	
	A. will be invited	h	B. is invited	
	C. invites		D. invited	
()34. Grace often gets	nervous before	she gives a speech	*
	A. in public	B. in total	C. in common	D. in all
()35.—Have you got	Kathy's	for her concert?	
	—Yes. I'd like to	o go and enjoy i	t.	
	A. invention		B. instruction	
	C. invitation		D. introduction	

()36	. —What's that in	the sky?			
		—I don't know.	It	be a bir	d or a kite.	
		A. must	77			D. might
()37	. We th	e invitations	two we	eks ago.	
		A. sent out	B. sent for		C. looked out	D. found out
()38	. (鄂州市中考)—	I'll be away	for a lo	ng time.	
		—Don't worry. S	She can look	after yo	ur pet	
		A. careful enoug	h		B. enough car	eful
		C. carefully enou	ıgh		D. enough car	efully
()39	. (达州市中考)-	-Hi, Tina!	What ar	e you going t	o do for the coming
		summer holiday	?			
		—I am going to	co	oking b	ecause I like e	ating delicious food.
		A. take down			CONTRACTOR	Particulation of the Control of the
()40	. (泰州市中考)—	Mom,I'll tak	ke an im	portant test to	omorrow.
		—Don't be nerve	ous.	_,Sandy	·!	
		A. Good luck			B. Good idea	
		C. Well done			D. Have a goo	od time
()41	. —Could you ple	ase tell me _	?		
		—At 8:00 p.m.				
		A. where will th	e train go		B. where the	train will go
		C. when will the	train leave		D. when the t	rain will leave

()42.	—Have you beer	to Guilin?		
	-Yes. It is the f	irst city	I visited dur	ring the summer vaca-
	tion.	49-400		
	A. that	B. where	C. which	D. what
()43.	-Miss Lin cares	about us very m	uch and she's a	always there to listen.
	—Yes	good teacher!		
	A. What	B. What a	C. How	D. How a
()44.	—There was this	ck haze(雾霾) in	Xiangyang this	s winter. What do you
	think of it?			
	—I think	cars we driv	e,	pollution our city will
	have.			
	A. the fewer; the	fewer	B. the more;	the less
	C. the more; the	fewer	D. the fewer	; the less
()45.	—What's the ma	tter with your bro	other?	
	—His pet dog's	death brought hin	n much	
	A. surprise	B. doubt	C. sadness	D. pleasure
七、完形填	空。(30分)			
		\mathbf{A}		
Do yo	u know One Belt,	One Road? We a	lso call it the N	Modern Silk Road, And
Zhang Qia	n was an early tra	aveler of the Anci	ent Silk Road.	He was probably the

to bring back good information about the central Asian lands to Chi-

first

na.

In 138 BC, Han Wudi sent Zhang Qian to the Yue-chi people to ask for their 47 against the Xiongnu who often infringed(侵犯) them. 48, on the way to the Western Regions, he was caught by the Xiongnu people. Zhang had to stay with them 49 about 10 years before he got away. When Zhang finally 50 the Yue-chi in the North India, he was 51 to find that they didn't want to fight against the Xiongnu people.

52 return journey, Zhang Qian and his men were 53 again. It was not until 125 BC that they returned to China. 54 Zhang didn't finish his job, he learned a lot about the places, people, customs and cultures of the 36 Kingdoms(\(\pm\) 国) in the Western Regions.

Later Han Wudi sent Zhang to the West again. Zhang's journey to the West helped 55 international trade, especially in silk, between China and the West. That's the Ancient Silk Road.

1 110	it is the Thickent Olik Ro	aa.		
()46. A. men	B. man's	C. man	D. men's
()47. A. question	B. help	C. knowledge	D. answer
()48. A. Happily		B. Excitedly	
	C. Luckily		D. Unfortunately	
()49. A. for	B. since	C. at	D. in
()50. A. arrived	B. reached	C. got	D. liked
()51. A. comfortable	B. disappointed	C. excited	D. enjoyable

)52. A. him B. he C. his D. himself D. heard C. served)53. A. caught B. made)54. A. But B. As C. Because D. Although)55. A. use B. get C. develop D. see В I used to hate scary films. I didn't understand why some people wanted to scare 56 on purpose(故意地). But now I love them. 57 , I have something nearby to hide my face sometimes, but I still enjoy watching them. As a 58, I have to watch something "happy" afterwards(然后) to take my mind off them. Watching scary films is like going on a rollercoaster(过山车). Many people ride it for the 59 that comes from being scared without actually being in 60 As I am truly scared of the rollercoaster, watching scary films is my way of experiencing this. And it is interesting, especially 61 it is a film you haven't seen before. You can try to 62 what's going to happen. 63 I saw a film called *The Strangers* by myself. For some reasons I had to keep 64 the video and doing something else. It took me five hours to finish seeing the film. Scary films make me 65 but excited. I know I will continue to scare myself.)56. A. himself B. herself C. ourselves D. themselves

•				
()57.	A. At last		B. On the one har	nd
	C. To be honest		D. By accident	
()58.	A. boy	B. rule	C. joke	D. job
()59.	A. kindness	B. excitement	C. success	D. sadness
()60.	A. danger	B. fear	C. silence	D. fun
()61.	A. but	B. although	C. so	D. if
()62.	A. create	B. plan	C. guess	D. ask
()63.	A. Happily	B. Shortly	C. Finally	D. Recently
()64.	A. stopping	B. imagining	C. deciding	D. choosing
()65.	A. happy	B. scared	C. bored	D. angry
八、(黄冈	市中考)补全对话。	(5分)		
从方框中:	选择适当的句子补	全对话。(有两项》	多余)	
Li Mei me	eets her friend Xiao	Ming on the way	to school.	
Li Mei=I	Xiao Ming=X			
L:Hello,	Xiao Ming! You lo	ook a little upset	66	
X:It's jus	t my mom. She alw	vays nags(唠叨) m	e.	
L:Really?	67			
X:She na	gs me about almos	st everything. "Ge	t up now Every	thing must be
place	Don't forget to I	Oon't listen to musi	ic "	

L:Well, all the mothers like saying these words to their kids. X:Also, I am interested in music, but she doesn't like it. 68

L: Maybe you are right. But I should say she nags you because she loves you.

X: 69 I'll try to understand her.

L: That's right! Making yourself understood is important. If your mom knows that everything is fine, she will never nag.

A

Be honest. That's all you have to do on Honesty Day. It would be great if we were all honest every day of the year. It's good that there is a day to encourage honesty. M. Hirsh Goldberg started Honesty Day. He chose the last day of April because the first day is April Fool's Day, which celebrate lies. On Honesty Day, anyone may ask you any question and you should give a true and honest answer. That means that you have knowledge of Honesty Day.

most all pe	rson lie about 200	times a day. In our	daily life, a typical	l(典型的) lie for
a man is "I	did not drink that	t much." and for a	a woman is "Nothi	ng is wrong, I'm
fine." It is	found that nurses	s are the most hor	nest people, while	sales people and
politicians(政客) are the bigg	gest liars.		
Every	Honesty Day, M.	Hirsh Goldberg h	ands out prizes to	honest people.
()71.	M. Hirsh Goldber	rg started Honesty	Day to	
	A. celebrate lies		B. encourage hone	sty
	C. ask questions		D. hand out prizes	
()72.	Which of the follo	wing is Honesty I	Day?	
	A. April 1st.		B. April 10th.	
	C. April 20th.		D. April 30th.	
()73.	The underlined we	ord "liars" probab	ly means"	" in Chinese.
	A. 获利者	B. 说谎者	C. 影响者	D. 领导者
()74.	What's the passag	e mainly about?		
	A. Fool.	B. Lies.	C. Honesty.	D. Life.
		B(安庆四中月考	卷)	
If the	eyes are the windo	ows of the soul, the	body is the mirror	of our feelings.

If we are feeling great, we may give our body signals(信号). If we look at someone

else's body, we can often tell how they are feeling by their body signals. So reading

body signals is a great tool in daily communication.

M. Hirsh Goldberg wrote a book on telling lies. He said in his book that al-

If you don't think that learning how to read and use body language is important, here are some numbers for you. 7% of the information we receive is from what people actually say, 38% from the tone and the speed of their voice, and 55% from their body language. These non-verbal(非口头的) signals will help you a lot, but you still need to focus on what people are saying.

Body language may be given several explanations(解释). Many signals have different meanings, depending on the person and the situation. Be sure of it when you are trying to read a body language signal.

-)75. What does the writer think of body language?
 - A. It's easy to learn.
 - B. It's hard to understand.
 - C. It's unnecessary to be used.
 - D. It's helpful in daily communication.
 -)76. What does the underlined word "tone" mean in Chinese?
 - A. 语调

B. 高低

C. 声音

- D. 语速
-)77. The data(数据) mentioned in the second paragraph is to _____.
 - A. explain what body language is
 - B. tell us body language is less used
 - C. show the importance of body language
 - D. tell us body language is the only way in communication

-)78. What does the last paragraph mainly tell us?
 - A. Body language is widely used all over the world.
 - B. Body language can be explained in many ways.
 - C. It's hard to understand the meanings of body language.
 - D. People have already written many books on body language.

C

The Hanging Gardens of Babylon(巴比伦空中花园) are one of the seven wonders of the ancient world. And these gardens are one of the greatest mysteries in the world. They are a large collection of plans that are hung from the walls of a palace in Iraq. Some stories described the Hanging Gardens were hundreds of feet tall, but some historians said that they were really not that high.

The reason behind the Hanging Gardens sounds like a fairy tale. A king built the gardens around 600 B. C. in order to make his wife less homesick(想家的). The king's wife missed her home in Medea where there were great mountains, so the king decided to bring the mountains to his palace. He ordered his men to build a huge hill and plant trees and flowers on it. Later, an earthquake happened in Babylon, destroying a large part of the city, including the Hanging Gardens.

Today, some people think that the Hanging Gardens of Babylon isn't real because Babylonian records never talked about these amazing gardens.

However, the writings of some Greek historians gave lively descriptions of the gardens. Recently, some findings showed that some great gardens existed(存在) in

Iraq. But t	hey still need to be further prov	red(证明).				
()79.	Why did the king build the gar	rdens?				
	A. He wanted to make his wife	e love him more.				
	B. He wanted to stop his wife	from missing her home	2.			
	C. He wanted to collect all kinds of plants in the gardens.					
	D. He wanted to write a fairy	tale through the garder	ns.			
()80.	The underlined word in the se	econd paragraph mean	s " " in			
	Chinese.					
	A. 建造 B. 远离	C. 接触	D. 破坏			
()81.	. Which of the following is TRUE according to the text?					
	A. The gardens were built aro	und 700 B. C.				
	B. Some historians thought th	e gardens weren't as h	igh as the stories			
	described.					
	C. Some Greek historians thought the gardens didn't really exist.					
	D. Babylonian records talked a	lot about these amazin	ng gardens.			
()82.	Who gave lively descriptions of	f the gardens?				
	A. Some Iraqi historians.	B. Some Iraqi wr	iters.			
	C. Some Greek historians.	D. Some Greek v	vriters.			
	D					
With	the development of technology.	WiFi is becoming more	and more popular			

and important in people's daily life. But have you ever experienced it? Just imagine

what life will be like if there is no Internet. Maybe you won't be able to talk with friends, play video games or search for information for your homework on the Internet.

But in fact, only one third of the world's population are able to get information on the Internet. The rest are too poor to buy WiFi access(使用权) or they live in remote areas. As a result, they live without the Internet.

Google and Facebook, two world-famous technology companies, have decided to do something about it.

Google's Project Loon will try to send balloons which are 15 meters wide into Earth's stratosphere(平流层) in 2016. The balloons are made of a special material that is three times thicker than the plastic bag we use every day. Each balloon will carry a minicomputer and a WiFi radio. The WiFi radio will send the Internet over the areas it is floating over. Then people can get up-to-date information on weather or news.

- 1)83. The underlined word "remote" in Paragraph 2 means _____ in the passage.

 A. crowded B. faraway C. near D. modern
 -)84. Two thirds of the world's population live without the Internet because

A. they have no money to buy WiFi access

B. they live in remote areas

		C. they don't need the Internet
		D. they can't afford WiFi access or they live in remote areas
(85.	The underlined word "which" in Paragraph 4 refers to(指代) .
		A. companies B. Google and Facebook
		C. balloons D. Google's projects
()	86.	Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?
		A. The balloons are 15 meters long.
		B. People can do lots of things on the Internet.
		C. The WiFi radio can send the Internet without any help.
		D. The material of the balloons is not as thick as our usual plastic bag.
(87.	The main idea of the last paragraph is .
		A. how to send the Internet
		B. how to use the Internet
		C. what the balloons look like
		D. how soon people will get WiFi from the sky
		\mathbf{E}
\mathbf{N}	lost	people drink tea in the world. But tea does not mean the same thing to
differe	nt n	eople In different countries, people have different ideas about drinking

In China, for example, tea is often served when people get together. Chinese people drink it at home or in tea houses at any time of the day. They often use hot

tea.

water to boil tea leaves.

Tea is also important in other Asian countries. People in these countries have a special way of serving tea. They hold a tea ceremony in their houses when important guests come. It is very old and full of meaning. Everything must be done in a special way in the ceremony. There is even a special room for it in their houses.

In the United States, people usually drink tea at breakfast or they drink it after meals. Americans usually use tea bags to make tea. This way is faster and easier than the way of making tea in teapots. In summer, most Americans drink iced tea. They like to put some ice in their tea.

根据短文内容,回答下列问题。

- 88. What do Chinese often use to boil tea leaves? (不超过 10 个词)
- 89. When do people usually drink tea in the USA? (不超过 15 个词)
- 90. What does the underlined word "It" mean? (不超过 5 个词)

十、单词拼写。(5分)

根据句意及汉语提示,完成单词的拼写,使句意明确、语言通顺。

- 91. We hope that the world is full of peace. Everybody hates (战争).
- 92. The (医疗的) team includes five doctors and nurses.

93. During the day, the sun provides us with	(温暖).
94. We need a pair of (剪刀) to cut out the	pictures.
95. She gave mom a big hug and mom (拥抱) her back.
十一、书面表达。(25分)	
假如你是李夏,请为校刊英语园地写一篇题为"My.	Junior High School Life"
的英语短文。(开头已给出,不计入总词数)	
要点提示:(1)严格遵守校规(按时到校、不吸烟等)	;(2)养成良好的学习习
惯;(3)课外参加各种活动,收获多,乐趣多;(4)同学互相	帮助,相处和睦;(5)感谢
老师的关心照料,传授知识。	
My Junior High School Life	
How time flies! We're just leaving our lovely jun	ior high school. Looking
back at these past three years, I remember many things.	